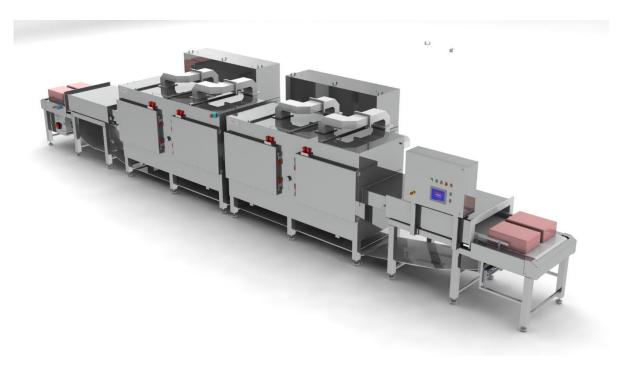
The TMW150 allows deep frozen foods to be tempered or defrosted (butter) quickly. It is adapted for products like meat, poultry, fish, fruits, vegetables, cheese, butter, etc...



The distinctive feature of the TMW 150 is the use of the microwave technology to achieve the best tempering homogeneity while maintaining a good microwave efficiency.

The large size of the cavity, the length under microwaves and the crossed coupling of microwaves above and below the blocks are a few examples of the solutions used to conciliate capacity, efficiency and homogeneity.

Possibility to choose the direction of operation and to install the generator on a platform.

KEY BENEFITS

- Profitable: save money by avoiding drip losses
- Fast: very short time of treatment, between 5 to 15 minutes
- User friendly: easy loading / unloading, colour touch screen HMI 12"
- Homogeneous: excellent temperature homogeneity thanks to multiple microwave inlets (above and below)
- Reliable: no need for regular maintenance, except daily cleaning
- Hygienic: no bacteriological growth, complies with all hygiene regulations and standards, keeps the organoleptic qualities
- Flexible: can be used for tempering packed (cardboard, plastic film ...) or unpacked food
- Connected: USB and ethernet connection for remote control



TEMPERING CAPACITIES

The TMW150 offers a tempering capacity between 4 t/h and 6 t/h from - 18 °C to a final temperature of - 4 °C / - 2 °C in 95% of the block, which is the optimum temperature for processing: dicing, grinding, cutting, slicing... The capacity is calculated to temper frozen blocks with standard dimensions 600 mm x 400 m x 200 mm and a weight of about 20 / 25 kg. If fatty products are to be processed, fat ought to be very homogeneously distributed in the block, otherwise the limit temperature for homogeneity is - 4 °C.



The tempering capacity is variable and depends on the final required temperature and on the product (meat, fish, vegetables, fruits, butter, etc. Figures below show these variations.

The data in the charts are calculated for the TMW150 operating at 120 kW power, with t_{on}/t_{off}^{1} optimum at 95 %, for blocks with regular size and weight 25 kg (600 mm x 400 mm x 200 mm) and for a starting temperature around -20 °C/-18 °C.

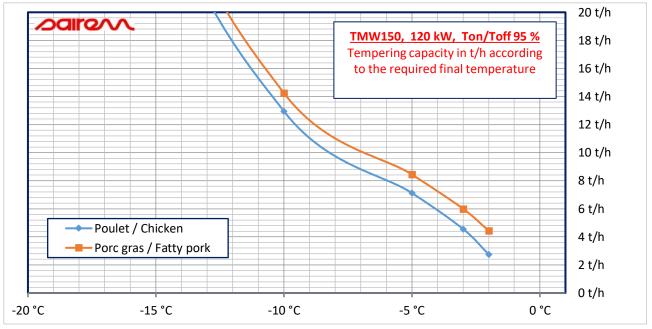


The maximum microwave power which can be used in processing is limited by the products and not the tunnel. Recipes power vs. time must be chosen according to the compromise between capacity and homogeneity of heating.

 $^{^{1}}$ Microwave utilization within 1 hour including loading/unloading. the optimum is 95 %.



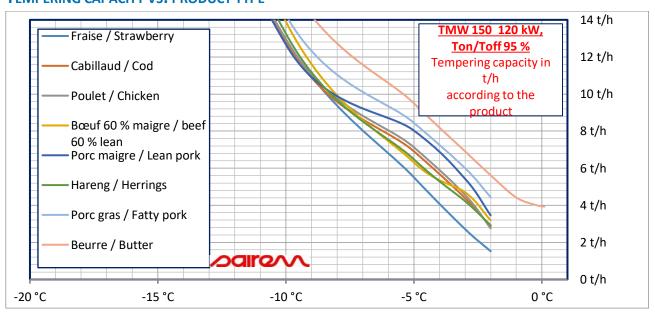
TEMPERING CAPACITY VS. DESIRED FINAL TEMPERATURE



Example: Chicken $\simeq 7.2$ t/h from -18 °C to -5 °C or $\simeq 4.6$ t/h from -18 °C to -3 °C. **Example:** Fatty pork $\simeq 8.4$ t/h from -18 °C to -5 °C or $\simeq 6$ t/h from -18 °C to -3 °C.

It has to be noted that a starting temperature at -20 °C or -18 °C has almost no effect on the tunnel capacity if temperature is homogeneous in the whole product.

TEMPERING CAPACITY VS. PRODUCT TYPE

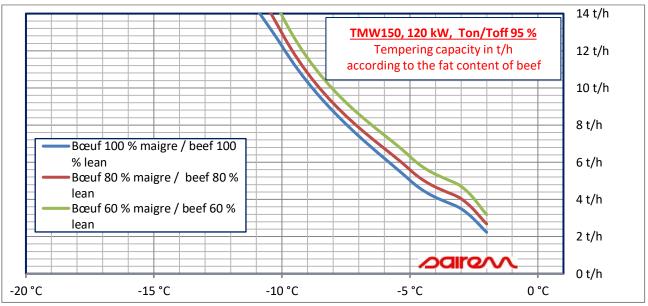


Examples: butter (7.2 t/h at -3°C) or beef 60 % lean (4.6 t/h at -3°C) for the same final temperature.

Tempering/thawing capacity is highly variable according to the product.



TEMPERING CAPACITY VS. FAT CONTENT



Example: capacity $\simeq 4.8$ t/h for beef 60 % lean, or $\simeq 3.4$ t/h for beef 100 % lean from -18 °C to -3 °C



EXAMPLES OF BLOCKS PROCESSED WITH THE TMW150



Beef 25% fat, 25 kg 5000 kg/h from -18 °C to -4 °C/-2 °C Block size: 600 x 400 x 260 mm



Pork shoulder 10 to 15 % fat, 25 kg 4000 kg/h from -18 °C to -3 °C / -1 °C Block size: 600 x 400 x 260 mm



Chicken breasts 15 kg 3000 g/h from -18°C to -4°C/-2°C Block size: 600 x 400 x 260 mm



Strawberries 100 kg bags (10 x 10 kg) 2500 kg/h from -18 °C to -3 °C/-1 °C



Rhubarb 100 kg bags (10 x 10 kg) 2500 kg/h from -18 °C to -3 °C/-1 °C



Broccolis 100 kg bags (10 x 10 kg) 3400 kg/h from - 18 °C to - 3 °C/- 1 °C

CONCLUSION

Capacity is highly variable if final temperature is -7 °C or -3 °C, or if meat is lean beef or fat pork. Such variations are linked to physical laws such as for example, latent heat of fusion. Capacity varies according to the processed product (lean beef, pork...), its fat content and the final required temperature.

All the above charts are calculated for a TMW150 operating under following conditions:

- Power of microwave generator at 120 kW
- T_{on}/T_{off} at 95 %
- Blocks or products with regular mass and shape
- Blocks or products regularly placed on the belt
- Starting temperature between -20 °C and -18 °C homogeneous in all the blocks or products



To get the complete data sheet:

- full specifications
- technical drawings



